

## GPH Review Form

Journal Name:	<a href="#">Asian Journal of Research in Medicine and Medical Science</a>
Manuscript Number:	Original Manuscript_AJRMMS_1605
Title of the Manuscript:	PREVALENCE OF CHLAMYDIA INFECTION AND ASSOCIATED FACTORS AMONG PREGNANT WOMEN ATTENDING ANTENATAL IN TERTIARY HEALTH INSTITUTIONS IN ANAMBRA
Type of the Article	PREVALENCE STUDY

## General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<https://globalpresshub.com/index.php/AJRMMS/editorial-policy> )

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### **PART 1:** Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<p><b><u>Compulsory</u></b> REVISION comments</p> <p>1. Is the manuscript important for scientific community?</p> <p>2. Is the title of the article suitable?</p> <p>3. Is the abstract of the article comprehensive?</p> <p>Yes, it is</p> <p>4. Are subsections and structure of the manuscript appropriate?</p> <p>5. Do you think the manuscript is scientifically correct?</p> <p>Yes, it is</p> <p>6. Are the references sufficient and recent? If you have suggestion of additional references, please mention in the review form.</p> <p>It will be more accurate if limit of references will be 20. More than 50% references fall within recent 5 years.</p> <p><u>(Apart from above mentioned 6 points, reviewers are free to provide additional suggestions/comments)</u></p>	<p>Yes it is important for scientific community because it highlights the importance of tertiary level healthcare so that disabilities and permanent functional consequences can be minimized. This study highlights the pregnant population and prevalence of Chlamydia in this specific population. This study has potential to fill the gap in research regarding similar articles.</p> <p>It could be PREVALENCE OF CHLAMYDIA INFECTION AND ASSOCIATED FACTORS AMONG PREGNANT WOMEN ATTENDING ANTENATAL CARE PROGRAMS IN TERTIARY HEALTH INSTITUTIONS IN ANAMBRA</p> <p>Limitations can be added as a heading. Keywords should follow alphabetical order Discussion should demonstrate compare and contrast method.</p> <p>Yes</p> <p>Some Modifications require</p> <p>YES</p> <p>YES</p>	<p>Noted</p> <p>Okay</p>
<p><b><u>Minor</u></b> REVISION comments</p> <p>1. Is language/English quality of the article suitable for scholarly communications?</p>	<p>YES</p>	

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<b>Optional/General</b> comments Results can be presented in better way by scientific comparisons of highest values of variables if feasible.		

PART 2:

	<b>Reviewer's comment</b>	<b>Author's comment</b> <i>(if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)</i>
<b>Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?</b>	<i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i>	